

IMD World Competitiveness Yearbook 2022, Digital 2022, Talent 2022: summaries

### COUNTRY PROFILE

### **NEW ZEALAND**



## WORLD COMPETITIVENESS RANKING **2022**

All data are available from the World Competitiveness Online.

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## New Zealand

Competitiveness Trends - Overall

#### OVERALL PERFORMANCE (63 countries)



#### **CHALLENGES IN 2022**

- Labour shortages across almost all sectors of the economy.
- Low productivity and resultant lack of competitiveness on wages.
- High house prices and stubborn inequality.
- Short term policy thinking, short term societal (non-political) thinking.
- Slow transition of habits (consumption) and industry (investment) to low carbon economy.

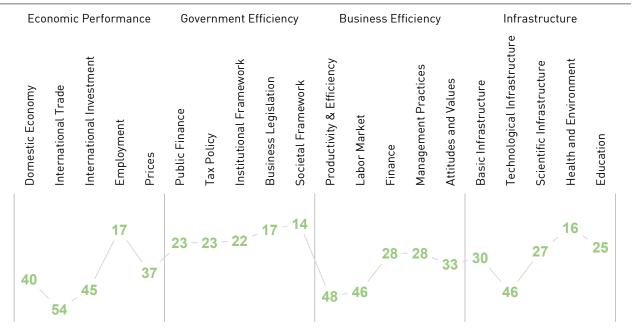
BASIC FACTS

Rank

Capital	Wellington	
Land area (square km '000)	268 2021	
Exchange Rate (per \$)	1.414 <sup>2021</sup>	
Population - market size (millions)	5.12 <sup>2021</sup>	50
Gross Domestic Product (GDP) (US\$ billions)	247.6 <sup>2021</sup>	43
GDP (PPP) per capita (US\$)	46,584 <sup>2021</sup>	26
Real GDP growth (%)	5.0 <sup>2021</sup>	31
Consumer price inflation (%)	3.94 <sup>2021</sup>	44
Unemployment rate (%)	3.80 <sup>2021</sup>	11
Labor force (millions)	2.91 <sup>2021</sup>	47
Current account balance (% of GDP)	-5.57 <sup>2021</sup>	56
Direct investment stocks inward (\$bn)	91.5 <sup>2020</sup>	47
Direct investment flows inward (% of GDP)	1.93 <sup>2020</sup>	27

PROVIDED BY: Kerridge & Partners, Auckland

#### **COMPETITIVENESS LANDSCAPE**



#### PEER GROUPS RANKINGS



## New Zealand

**Competitiveness Evolution & Attractiveness Indicators** 

#### **COMPETITIVENESS EVOLUTION**

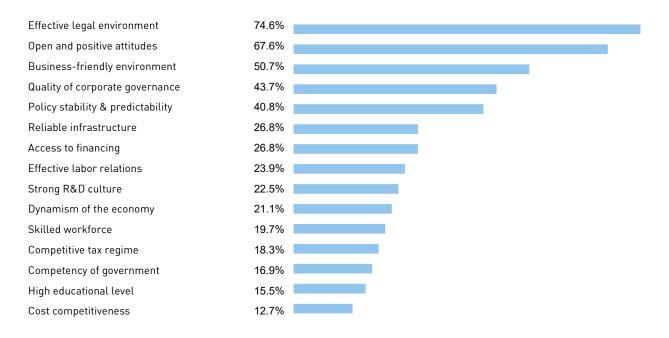
The criteria below highlight the 15 biggest Improvements and the 15 biggest Declines in the overall performance of the economy. They are determined by the largest percentage changes in the value of each criterion from one yearbook to the next.

	WCY	WCY
IMPROVEMENTS	2021	2022
1.1.14 Real GDP growth	-3.8	5.0
1.1.18 Gross fixed capital formation - real growth	3.82	11.37
1.1.15 Real GDP growth per capita	-4.97	4.43
3.2.14 Labor force - long-term growth	0.61	1.07
1.4.08 Long-term unemployment	0.48	0.34
1.2.18 Export concentration by product	62.1	48.4
2.3.08 Exchange rate stability	0.050	0.040
1.1.20 GDP per capita	41,028	48,410
1.4.07 Unemployment rate	4.60	3.80
2.3.07 Foreign currency reserves per capita	2,698	3,150
4.4.13 Safely treated waste water	73.1	85.1
1.2.08 Exports of goods (\$bn)	38.90	44.87
4.3.19 Medium- and high-tech value added	18.53	21.27
2.1.02 Government budget surplus/deficit (%)	-5.70	-4.94
2.5.13 Unemployment rate - gender ratio	1.17	1.05

	WCY	WCY
DECLINES	2021	2022
2.4.07 Government subsidies	0.33	4.21
1.2.02 Current account balance	-1.09	-5.57
2.5.02 Homicide	0.74	2.63
1.5.01 Consumer price inflation	1.72	3.94
4.1.07 Population - growth	2.09	0.57
1.2.25 Tourism receipts	5.09	2.76
3.2.21 Brain drain	4.81	2.62
2.1.07 Public finances	5.67	3.92
3.2.18 Skilled labor	3.90	2.70
1.2.13 Exports of commercial services (%)	5.58	3.92
3.2.24 Competent senior managers	5.61	4.00
2.3.11 Transparency	5.94	4.34
3.2.23 International experience	5.77	4.37
2.3.05 Central bank policy	7.21	5.49
3.2.19 Finance skills	6.58	5.04

#### KEY ATTRACTIVENESS INDICATORS

From a list of 15 indicators, respondents of the Executive Opinion Survey were asked to select 5 that they perceived as the key attractiveness factors of their economy. The chart shows the percentage of responses per indicator from the highest number of responses to the lowest.



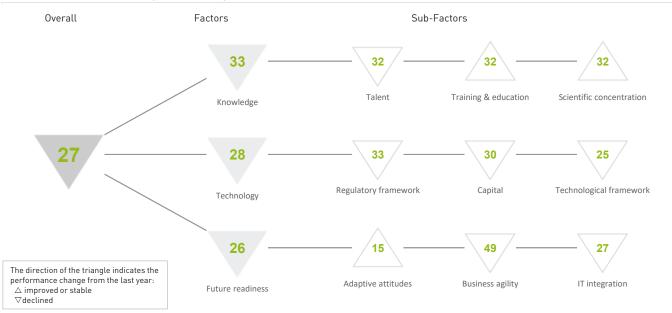
# WORLD COMPETITIVENESS DIGITAL RANKING **2022**

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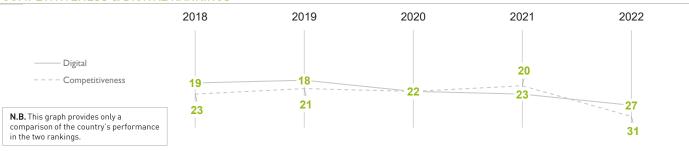
## NEW ZEALAND

#### **OVERALL PERFORMANCE (63 countries)**

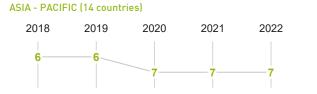


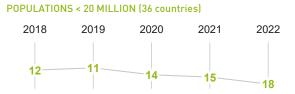
OVERALL & FACTORS - 5 years	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
OVERALL	19	18	22	23	27
Knowledge	21	21	28	28	33
Technology	16	15	18	21	28
Future readiness	18	20	21	19	26

#### **COMPETITIVENESS & DIGITAL RANKINGS**



#### PEER GROUPS RANKINGS





### NEW ZEALAND

▶ Overall Top Strengths

ightrightarrow Overall Top Weaknesses

#### KNOWLEDGE

Sub-Factors	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Talent	16	11	17	14	32
Training & education	37	34	37	36	32
Scientific concentration	15	26	34	33	32

Talent	Rank
Educational assessment P	ISA - Math 26
> International experience	58
Foreign highly-skilled pers	sonnel 28
→ Management of cities	54
Digital/Technological skill	s 51
▶ Net flow of international st	udents 03

Training & education	Rank
Employee training	42
Total public expenditure on education	13
Higher education achievement	31
Pupil-teacher ratio (tertiary education)	35
Graduates in Sciences	36
Women with degrees	26

Scientific concentration	Rank
Total expenditure on R&D (%)	30
Total R&D personnel per capita	15
Female researchers	-
R&D productivity by publication	40
Scientific and technical employment	12
High-tech patent grants	43
Robots in Education and R&D	44

#### **TECHNOLOGY**

Sub-Factors	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Regulatory framework	13	11	21	24	33
Capital	14	15	24	22	30
Technological framework	25	25	21	23	25

Regulatory framework	Rank
► Starting a business	01
Enforcing contracts	19
> Immigration laws	63
Development & application of tech.	37
Scientific research legislation	32
Intellectual property rights	17

Capital	Rank
IT & media stock market capitalization	33
Funding for technological development	45
Banking and financial services	30
Country credit rating	12
Venture capital	37
Investment in Telecommunications	21

Technological framework	Rank
Communications technology	31
Mobile Broadband subscribers	44
Wireless broadband	15
Internet users	23
Internet bandwidth speed	17
High-tech exports (%)	41

#### **FUTURE READINESS**

Sub-Factors	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Adaptive attitudes	14	13	13	16	15
Business agility	35	32	46	30	49
IT integration	17	10	18	18	27

	Adaptive attitudes	Kani
<b>&gt;</b>	E-Participation	04
	Internet retailing	19
	Tablet possession	14
	Smartphone possession	35
	Attitudes toward globalization	21

Business agility	Rank
Opportunities and threats	38
World robots distribution	41
Agility of companies	48
Use of big data and analytics	39
Knowledge transfer	40
Entrepreneurial fear of failure	-

	IT integration	Rank
▶	E-Government	80
$\triangleright$	Public-private partnerships	54
$\triangleright$	Cyber security	52
▶	Software piracy	02
	Government cyber security capacity	19
	Privacy protection by law content	39

# WORLD TALENT RANKING **2022**

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### **NEW ZEALAND**

#### **OVERALL PERFORMANCE (63 countries)**



	INVESTMENT & DEVELOPMENT		Value	2	022 Rank
•	Total public expenditure on education	Percentage of GDP	5.9	%	13
	Total public exp. on education per student	Spending per enrolled pupil/student, all levels	8,954	US\$	22
	Pupil-teacher ratio (primary education)	Ratio of students to teaching staff	16.42	ratio	43
	Pupil-teacher ratio (secondary education)	Ratio of students to teaching staff	14.53	ratio	48
	Apprenticeships	are sufficiently implemented	4.82	Survey [010]	41
	Employee training	is a high priority in companies	5.58	Survey [010]	42
	Female labor force	Percentage of total labor force	47.36	%	13
	Health infrastructure	meets the needs of society	4.34	Survey [010]	49

	APPEAL		Value	2	022 Rank
	Cost-of-living index	Index of a basket of goods & services in the main city, including housing (New York City = 100)	78.40	index	34
	Attracting and retaining talents	is a priority in companies	7.89	Survey [010]	9
	Worker motivation	in companies is high	5.63	Survey [010]	37
$\triangleright$	Brain drain	(well-educated and skilled people) does not hinder competitiveness in your economy	2.62	Survey [010]	61
	Quality of life	is high	7.91	Survey [010]	23
	Foreign highly-skilled personnel	are attracted to your country's business environment	5.69	Survey [010]	28
	Remuneration in services professions	Gross annual income including supplements such as bonuses, US\$	40,586	US\$	15
	Remuneration of management	Total base salary plus bonuses and long-term incentives, US\$	160,434	US\$	32
$\triangleright$	Collected personal income tax	On profits, income and capital gains, as a percentage of GDP	12.33	%	58
	Justice	is fairly administered	7.83	Survey [010]	12
	Exposure to particle pollution	Mean population exposure to PM2.5, Micrograms per cubic metre	6.05	micrograms	4

	READINESS		Value	e 20	122 Rank
	Labor force growth	Percentage change	1.53	%	24
$\triangleright$	Skilled labor	is readily available	2.70	Survey [010]	63
	Finance skills	are readily available	5.04	Survey [010]	51
$\triangleright$	International experience	of senior managers is generally significant	4.37	Survey [010]	58
$\triangleright$	Competent senior managers	are readily available	4.00	Survey [010]	54
	Primary and secondary education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	5.75	Survey [010]	41
	Graduates in Sciences	% of graduates in ICT, Engineering, Math & Natural Sciences	23.63	%	30
	University education	meets the needs of a competitive economy	6.70	Survey [010]	30
	Management education	meets the needs of the business community	5.89	Survey [010]	42
	Language skills	are meeting the needs of enterprises	5.61	Survey [010]	44
	Student mobility inbound	Foreign tertiary-level students per 1000 inhabitants	8.59	number	5
	Educational assessment - PISA	PISA survey of 15-year olds	503	Average	14

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